	Summary of Federal Employer Relief Options Provided for Under Families First Coronavirus Response Act and CARES Act						
	Sick Leave Credit	Family Leave Credit	Employee Retention Credit	Employment Tax Payment Deferral	Payroll Protection Program	Loan Forgiveness	Economic Injury Disaster Loan Program
Benefit	Receive tax credit equal to 100% of Qualified Sick Leave Wages paid in the calendar quarter	Receive tax credit equal to 100% of Qualified Family Leave Wages paid in the calendar quarter	Receive tax credit equal to 50% of Qualified Wages paid in the calendar quarter	Delay payment of Employer's portion of social security tax (6.2% on wages paid) to the IRS until December 31, 2021 (when 50% are due) and December 31, 2022 (when the remainder is due)	Receive loan ("PPP Loan") for payment of operational expenses at low interest rate without Employer providing guarantee or collateral and ability to have PPP Loan forgiven	Have PPP Loan forgiven to the extent of certain operational payments	Pre-existing Economic Injury Disaster Loan ("EIDL") Program revised up for COVID-19 costs; NOTE: NOT FORGIVEABLE but can be refinanced as a part of a PPP Loan if EIDL was received prior to PPP Loans being made available
Total Maximum Benefit	Between \$2,000 and \$5,110 per Employee depending on the reason for sick leave • May be greater due to health plan expenses • May be greater due to Employer Medicare taxes imposed on sick leave wages	 Up to \$10,000 per Employee May be greater due to health plan expenses May be greater due to Employer Medicare taxes imposed on family leave wages 	Up to \$5,000 per Employee • May be greater due to health plan expenses	Dependent on Employer's Social Security tax liability (less any sick, family, or employee retention credits that are applied to the same)	2.5X the Employer's Payroll Costs in testing period plus any eligible EIDL debt being refinanced up to \$10,000,000	The amount of eligible Payroll Costs, mortgage interest, rent payments, and utility payments within 8 weeks of receiving the PPP Loan	Maximum amount of loan is \$2 million
Effective Dates	Claim credits based on Qualified Sick Leave Wages paid in any calendar quarter between April 1, 2020 and December 31, 2020	Claim credits based on Qualified Family Leave Wages paid in any calendar quarter between April 1, 2020 and December 31, 2020	Claim credits based on Qualified Wages paid after March 12, 2020 and before January 1, 2021 during an Applicable Period	Social Security tax obligations incurred by Employer on or after March 27, 2020 and before January 1, 2021	A loan under the program that is made during the period beginning February 15, 2020 and ending June 30, 2020	Within 8 weeks of the PPP Loan originating	Applies to EIDL made during the period beginning January 31, 2020 and ending December 31, 2020
Eligibility	Fewer than 500 Employees Pays Qualified Sick Leave Wages" required by the Emergency Sick Leave Act in the quarter Must retain documentation of leave	Fewer than 500 Employees Pays Qualified Family Leave Wages required by the Emergency Family and Medical Leave Act in the quarter Must retain documentation of leave	 Operates a business in 2020 Pays Qualified Wages during an Applicable Period An "Applicable Period" is a calendar quarter: In which, the Employer's operations are fully or partially suspended due to COVID-19 orders; or That is in period beginning first calendar quarter the gross receipts are less than 50% of the gross receipts in the same quarter the previous year and ending after the first quarter gross receipts are greater than 80% of the gross receipts in the same quarter the previous year 	Employer that incurs Social Security tax obligations during effective period	Fewer than 500 Employees or higher amount applicable under the SBA table or is a nonprofit, veteran organization, Tribal business, independent contractor, sole proprietor No SBA or other Federal Agency loan ever defaulted or currently delinquent Must certify:	Received PPP Loan Paid Eligible Costs during effective dates Must provide documentation of payroll and pay rate for covered and testing periods as well as documentation of Eligible Costs paid	 Fewer than 500 employees or higher amount applicable under the SBA table, or is a private nonprofit organization, small agricultural cooperative, an individual operating as a sole proprietorship or an independent contractor, a cooperative with fewer than 500 employees, an ESOP with fewer than 500 employees, or a tribal small business concern with fewer than 500 employees Business concern must be located in US or US Territory Business concern suffered "substantial economic injury" as a direct result of a declared disaster such as COVID-19 Does not own property subject to a judgment lien owed by the US government SBA Affiliation rules apply to determine company size and revenue (no exceptions under CARES Act)
Application of Credits/Funds	Credits are allowed against Employer's social security tax owed on wages paid in the calendar quarter Excess of credit over Employer's social security tax is available as a refund to Employer	Credits are allowed against Employer's social security tax owed on wages paid in the calendar quarter after the amount owed is reduced by the sick leave credits Excess of credit over Employer's social security tax is available as a refund to Employer	Credits are allowed against Employer's social security tax owed on wages paid in the calendar quarter after the amount owed is reduced by the sick leave and family leave credits Excess of credit over Employer's social security tax is available as a refund to Employer	N/A	Loan amount can be used to pay: Payroll Costs; Health care benefits; Employee salaries; Rent; Utilities; and Interest on a debt obligation **at least 75% of the loan must be used for payroll costs		Loan amounts can be used to pay: • fixed debts (but see below), • payroll, • accounts payable, • Mortgage or rent, and • other bills that cannot be paid due to revenue losses Funds may not be used to: • Refinance Pre COVID-10 debt • Pay-off federal government debt • Pay any government penalties/fines • Repair physical damage • Pay dividends or distributions

Summary of Federal Employer Relief Options Provided for Under Families First Coronavirus Response Act and CARES Act							
	Sick Leave Credit	Family Leave Credit	Employee Retention Credit	Employment Tax Payment Deferral	Payroll Protection Program	Loan Forgiveness	Economic Injury Disaster Loan Program
Limitations	"Qualified Sick Leave Wages" per Employee is equal to:	"Qualified Family Leave Wages" per Employee is equal to: The lesser of: The wages actually paid to an Employee for a day of family leave required to be paid by the Act; and S200 per day; Multiplied by the number of days family leave is paid as a result of the Act in the quarter; Subject to the overall limitation that the Qualified Family Leave Wages paid to an Employee throughout all quarters cannot exceed \$10,000 Increased by portion of health plan expenses allocated to the family leave days Increased by Employer Medicare taxes imposed on family leave wages Is not available for governmental Employers	"Qualified Wages" per Employee is equal to: If the Employer had fewer than 100 Employees in 2019, wages paid to the Employee during the Applicable Period; or If the Employer had 100 or more Employees in 2019, wages paid to the Employee during the Applicable Period for which the Employee does not provide services due to the circumstances causing it to be an Applicable Period Subject to the overall limitation that the Qualified Wages paid to an Employee throughout all quarters cannot exceed \$10,000 Subject to overall limitation that Qualified Wages for a period cannot exceed the amount the Employee would have been paid for working equivalent duration during the 30 days before the period Increased by portion of health plan expenses allocated to the Qualified Wages Is not available for governmental Employers	Only applicable to Employer's portion of Social Security taxes Employer's portion of Medicare taxes has its normal due date	 Loan amount is limited to the lesser of: Any eligible EIDL debt being refinanced plus 2.5X the Employer's average monthly Payroll Costs in the: The 12-month period prior to when the loan is made (special rules for seasonal employers); or At the election of the Employer, the period from March 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019; or If Employer was not in business during first half of 2019, the period from January 1, 2020 through February 29, 2020; and \$10,000,000 "Payroll Costs" means the salary of an employee, payment of tips, cost of vacation, medical, and sick leave, cost of retirement benefits, state and local tax assessed on compensation, and selfemployment compensation for independent contractors and sole proprietors that is not more than \$100,000 per year Overall limitation of \$100,000 annualized amount to any individual Payments by an applicant to an independent contractor do not count as Payroll Costs Payroll Costs of a partnership includes amounts paid to a partner that is reported by the partner as self-employment income Wages considered for determining sick and/or family leave credits cannot be considered for determining Payroll Costs Only EIDL debt made between January 31, 2020 and April 3, 2020 is eligible to be refinanced. If that EIDL debt was for Payroll Costs, the EIDL debt must be refinanced into PPP Loan Each applicant can only apply for 1 PPP Loan 	• "Eligible Costs" limited to Payroll Costs and payments on mortgage, rent, and utilities must be based on contracts in force before February 15, 2020 • Only 25% of the forgivable amount can be for payment of Eligible Costs that are not Payroll Costs • Payroll Costs are subject to the \$100,000 annualized salary limit • Amount forgiven cannot exceed principal amount of PPP Loan • Amount able to be forgiven is reduced by multiplying: o The Eligible Costs in the 8-week period; multiplied by: o A percentage equal to: • The number of average full-time equivalent Employees employed per month in the 8-week period; divided by • The average number of such Employees employed from February 15, 2019 through June 30, 2019 or (at Employer's election) from January 1, 2020 through February 29, 2020 • Amount able to be forgiven is further reduced by the amount that wages to Employees, with 2019 annualized salaries of less than \$100,000, during the 8-week period are less than 75% of the total wages of such Employee in most recent full quarter of employment *An Employer can re-hire individuals causing the above reductions to be diminished • The amount able to be forgiven is reduced by EIDL \$10,000 prepayment on EIDL Loan application that was denied	 EIDL amount is limited to the economic injury as determined by the SBA subject to overall limit of \$2 million Public nonprofit organizations generally and businesses that do not meet employee limitations are ineligible An applicant may receive an EIDL and loans under other programs (such as the PPP), but only if costs being paid with each are different Business had to be in operation on January 31, 2020 Personal guarantees for EIDL under \$200,000 removed by CARES Act, but loans over \$200,000 must be guaranteed by any owner having a 20% or greater interest in the applicant

This Table is effective as of 5pm April 15, 2020. THE INFORMATION IN THIS TABLE IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE BASED ON FURTHER GOVERNMENT PRONOUNCEMENTS. If you would like updates, contact Amber Mann at amann@preti.com

	Summary of Federal Employer Relief Options Provided for Under Families First Coronavirus Response Act and CARES Act							
	Sick Leave Credit	Family Leave Credit	Employee Retention Credit	Employment Tax Payment Deferral	Payroll Protection Program	Loan Forgiveness	Economic Injury Disaster Loan Program	
Repayment	No repayment; Employer's gross income is increased by amount of credit Wages considered for determining credit cannot be considered for Employer's credit for paid family and medical leave	No repayment; Employer's gross income is increased by amount of credit Wages considered for determining credit cannot be considered for Employer's credit for paid family and medical leave	No repayment; Wages considered for determining credit cannot be considered for Employer's credit for paid family and medical leave	See below	Payable over 2 year term unless loan forgiven pursuant to forgiveness program Payments on loan are deferred for 6 months	No repayment Forgiven amount is not considered taxable income to borrower	 Term is up to 30 years An EIDL is not eligible for forgiveness, except for funds received as an emergency grant (up to \$10,000); If an EIDL is made between January 31, 2020 and April 3, 2020 debt can be refinancing into PPP Loan. If an EIDL is made to cover Payroll Costs, it must be refinanced into PPP Loan if PPP Loan is applied for 	
Form of Benefit	Credit and Excess as cash refund; Credit is reimbursed immediately: Employer retains and is able to use federal employment taxes (Employer and Employee portions of Social Security and FICA, and income withholding) withheld from all Employees' wages in the quarter up to the amount of the credit rather than deposit such amounts with the IRS; Employer able to file request for advance payment of the amount of credit in excess of these withholdings	Credit and Excess as cash refund; Credit is reimbursed immediately: Employer retains and is able to use federal employment taxes (Employer and Employee portions of Social Security and FICA, and income withholding) withheld from all Employees' wages in the quarter up to the amount of the credit (after applying the sick leave credit to such amounts) rather than deposit such amounts with the IRS; Employer able to file request for advance payment of the amount of credit in excess of these withholdings	Credit and Excess as cash refund; Credit is reimbursed immediately: Employer retains and is able to use federal employment taxes (Employer and Employee portions of Social Security and FICA, and income withholding) withheld from all Employees' wages in the quarter up to the amount of the credit (after applying the sick leave and family leave credits to such amounts) rather than deposit such amounts with the IRS; Employer able to file request for advance payment of the amount of credit in excess of these withholdings.	Due date to remit Employer's Social Security taxes to the IRS is extended as follows: 50% of obligation must be paid by December 31, 2021; and The remainder must be paid by December 31, 2022	Loan is made available in immediate funds; Program removes normal SBA loan requirements of collateral and personal guarantees; Loans are nonrecourse as to owners; Applicants are not charged fees 1% Interest rates; No prepayment penalties Does not require the Borrower to certify that it cannot receive credit elsewhere in order to be eligible Applications may begin to be filed April 3, 2020	Cancellation of indebtedness	 Receive loan for operational expenses at low interest rate without (i) the requirement of personal guarantees for loans up to \$200,000, (ii) the requirement that the applicant must be in business for a year, and (iii) meeting the credit elsewhere test EIDL statutory interest rate (4%) is reduced to 3.75% for businesses and 2.75% for nonprofits Able to receive \$10,000 within 3 days of apply for the loan. If denied approval, will be able to keep \$10,000. This amount will reduce forgiveness amount of PPP Loan if such occur 	

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